

**PRUEBAS LIBRES PARA LA OBTENCIÓN DIRECTA DEL TÍTULO DE GRADUADO  
EN EDUCACIÓN SECUNDARIA OBLIGATORIA  
(Convocatoria mayo 2017)**

APELLIDOS \_\_\_\_\_

NOMBRE \_\_\_\_\_ DNI/NIE/Pasaporte \_\_\_\_\_

**FIRMA**

CALIFICACIÓN GLOBAL (A rellenar por el tribunal)	A	B	Puntuación total (A + B)

A: Consignar la puntuación obtenida en esta prueba.

B: Consignar, si procede, 1 punto por haber superado el ámbito de Comunicación en un programa de preparación de pruebas libres para la obtención del título de graduado en ESO en un centro público de educación de personas adultas de Castilla y León.

## ÁMBITO DE COMUNICACIÓN

### Lengua extranjera: Inglés

#### CRITERIOS DE CALIFICACIÓN:

1. La suma total de la puntuación de esta prueba es de 10 puntos. En el enunciado de cada pregunta se expresa su puntuación total. Si cada pregunta consta de varios ítems, la puntuación de cada uno figura al lado.
2. En la redacción se valorará positivamente la fluidez de vocabulario, la correcta construcción de las frases, la coherencia y la cohesión.
3. Las preguntas de libre respuesta deberán ser contestadas con oraciones completas y se valorará positivamente cualquier respuesta con sentido y que tenga valor comunicativo.
4. La calificación del ámbito de Comunicación será global, en una escala de 1 a 10. Para considerar apto a un aspirante en este ámbito deberá obtener un 5 en la nota global que se calculará ponderando el 60% la nota de *Lengua castellana y literatura* y el 40% la nota de *Lengua extranjera*. No obstante, deberá alcanzarse una nota equivalente a un 4 como mínimo en cada parte de la prueba para que se pueda hacer la nota media.

#### INSTRUCCIONES PARA LA REALIZACIÓN DE LA PRUEBA

Durante la realización de la prueba tenga sobre la mesa su DNI/NIE o Pasaporte.

Sólo se admiten pruebas escritas con **bolígrafo** azul o negro; en ningún caso se admitirán pruebas escritas con lapicero.

**No** se permite el uso de diccionarios, ni ningún dispositivo electrónico.

1.- READ THE TEXT CAREFULLY AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS (Puntuación: 2 p.)

**EXTREME WEATHER**

Many people say the climate is changing. It certainly seems that there are more extremes of weather these days. There are several examples of unusually hot and cold conditions in Europe from the last few years.



Recently there was an extreme summer heat wave in Greece. Temperatures in Athens reached 46°C and fifteen people died because of the heat. There were power cuts because so many people turned on their air conditioners. As a result, thousands of people spent the evenings in complete darkness.

The south of Britain usually has a mild winter, but last year it was extremely cold. It snowed in London and the temperature remained below zero for several weeks, so the snow didn't melt. Because of the snow and ice, buses and trains stopped, so a lot of people didn't get to work.

*Adapted from New Total English, Pearson Longman*

**A. Read the text again and answer the questions**

(1 p./ 0,25 cada uno)

1. How hot was Athens recently?
2. Why was it dark in the evenings?
3. How long was the temperature below 0° C in London?
4. Why didn't some people get to work?

**B. Match the words (1 – 6) in the text with their meanings (a – e)**

(1 p./ 0,20 cada uno)

1- mild	a. the noun from 'hot'
2- heat wave	b. when there is no electricity
3- heat	c. machines that make the air cold
4- power cuts	d. a short period of very hot weather
5- air conditioners	e. not extreme, not very hot or cold

1 →	2 →	3 →	4 →	5 →
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**2.- FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE CORRECT PREPOSITION:**

**“on, from, at, in”**

**(Puntuación: 0,50 p./ 0,10 cada uno)**

- a) The bank is open ..... 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Monday through Saturday.
- b) Mary was born ..... September 8.
- c) The guests are sitting ..... the table ready to eat.
- d) There's a poster ..... the wall.
- e) In summer, we always go out for a walk ..... the evening.

**3.- WRITE QUESTIONS WITH ‘HOW MUCH’ OR ‘HOW MANY’. THEN WRITE**

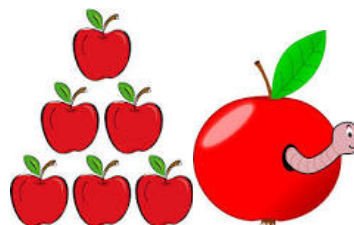
**ANSWERS THAT ARE APPROPRIATE**

**(Puntuación: 2 p./ 0,20 cada uno)**

**Example:** apples / you / eat / every week ?

*How many apples do you eat every week?*

*– I eat three apples every week.*



1. rice/ you / buy / at the supermarket ?

-  
-

2. water / he / drink / every day ?

-  
-

3. oranges / you / buy / at the shop?

-  
-

4. coffee / you / drink / at the weekend ?

-  
-

5. kilometres / your sister / run / every day ?

-  
-

4.- MARK THE CORRECT ANSWERS TO COMPLETE THE SENTENCES

(Puntuación: 1 p./ 0,10 cada uno)



<p>1. Peter never _____ to football matches. He doesn't like football.</p> <p>A. is B. goes C. going</p>	<p>2. Britney _____ singing very well this evening. She's got a bad cold.</p> <p>A. can't B. isn't C. doesn't</p>
<p>3. Complete the "family" of words: mouth, lips, teeth, _____</p> <p>A. bath B. candle C. tongue</p>	<p>4. You are in a theatre and you want to reserve a seat for tonight's show. What sign do you look for?</p> <p>A. Box Office B. Arrivals C. Way Out</p>
<p>5. My cousins are all _____ than I am.</p> <p>A. as tall B. more carefully C. younger</p>	<p>6. If you go to _____, you can lie on a beach in Miami or visit Walt Disney World.</p> <p>A. California B. Texas C. Florida</p>
<p>7. We _____ have bacon and eggs for breakfast – two or three times a week.</p> <p>A. often B. don't C. frequent</p>	<p>8. I can't go to his house because I _____ his address.</p> <p>A. haven't got B. doesn't have C. not know</p>
<p>9. "Are Sally and Sharon American?" " _____ "</p> <p>A. No, they haven't. B. Yes, they are. C. Yes, he is.</p>	<p>10. _____ not at school today.</p> <p>A. She's B. I haven't got C. We do</p>

## 5.- UNDERLINE THE CORRECT FORM OF THE VERB IN BRACKETS

[SUBRAYA LA FORMA CORRECTA DEL VERBO ENTRE PARÉNTESIS]

(Puntuación: 0,50 p./ 0,10 cada uno)

**Example:** He (stop, stopped) smoking last week.

- a) The children (play, played) soccer last weekend. (0,10)
- b) The audience (laughed, laughs) at his jokes on last Sunday show. (0,10)
- c) I have never (eats, eaten) this type of chocolate. (0,10)
- d) The boy (touches, touched) the painting while it was still wet. (0,10)
- e) The cat (try, tries) to drink the milk every time I eat cereal. (0,10)

## 6.- LOOK AT THE TABLE AND MAKE SENTENCES. USE THE COMPARATIVE AND SUPERLATIVE FORM OF THE ADJECTIVES (Puntuación: 2 p./ 0,20 cada uno)

	Age	Height	Weight	
Walker	33	1.70 m	62 kg	
Emma	26	1.75 m	65 kg	
Mike	40	1.92 m	81 kg	

**Examples:** Walker / Emma: short → Walker is shorter than Emma  
Walker / Emma / Mike: old → Mike is the oldest

- 1- Emma / Mike: heavy →
- 2- Mike / Emma: old →
- 3- Walker / Emma / Mike: tall →
- 4- Walker / Mike: short →
- 5- Walker / Emma / Mike: young →
- 6- Walker / Emma: heavy →
- 7- Walker / Emma / Mike: short →
- 8- Emma / Mike: young →
- 9- Walker / Emma: old →
- 10- Walker / Emma / Mike: light →

7.- WRITE A COMPOSITION (80-100 words) ABOUT ONE OF THESE TOPICS

(Puntuación: 2 p.)

a. Describe a photograph or painting that you remember well. You can use the following words:

There is/are	park		
boyfriend/girlfriend	school	family	
birthday-party	beach	house	trip
	best friend		
restaurant	wear	dance	



b. In your opinion, what are the most important things in life? What makes you happy?

Money? Love? Health? Friends? Family? Others?

Explain why.

